

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Blaser.
SWISSLUBE

Grindex 10

MSDS no. AA04104-0000110108

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet,
Article 10 Paragraph 1

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Grindex 10
Product code : 01101-08

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial use only.
Metal working fluids

Uses advised against

Consumer use.

C. Manufacturer : BLASER SWISSLUBE AG
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Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Section 2. Hazards identification

- Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Response** : P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
 P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
 Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
 P321 - Specific treatment (see the label).
- Storage** : Not applicable.
- Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

Ingredient name	Classification	Identifiers	%
Undecanoic acid	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	CAS: 26896-20-8	≤10
2-aminoethanol	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	CAS: 141-43-5	≤5
sodium hydroxide	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	CAS: 1310-73-2	≤3.5
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, hydrate (1:1)	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	CAS: 77-92-9	≤5

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3		
benzotriazole	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	CAS: 95-14-7	≤2
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2	CAS: 3811-73-2	≤0.2
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1,N1,N2,N2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-oxybis[2-chloroethane]	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1	CAS: 31075-24-8	≤0.09

Additional information :

Neutralisation product: Equilibrium of Ionic Pairs according to REACH Annex V, 4.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention.
- B. Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

- C. Inhalation** : Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- D. Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- E. Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- A. Extinguishing media**
- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 carbon dioxide
 carbon monoxide
 nitrogen oxides
 metal oxide/oxides
- C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- A. Precautions for safe handling**
- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: -15 to 40°C (5 to 104°F). Shelf life: (minimum) 24 months. Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- A. Control parameters**
- Occupational exposure limits**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-aminoethanol	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 6 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 3 ppm.
sodium hydroxide	ISHA Article 42 (Republic of Korea, 1/2020) CEIL: 2 mg/m ³ .

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

- B. Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- C. Personal protective equipment**
- Respiratory protection** : A respirator is not needed under normal and intended conditions of product use. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.
- Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Nitrile gloves. thickness 0.3 mm (minimum) .
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved before handling this product.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

- A. Appearance**
- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Light tan.
- B. Odor** : Characteristic.
- C. Odor threshold** : Not available.
- D. pH** : 8.7 to 9.4 [Conc. (% w/w): 5%]
- E. Melting/freezing point** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Pour point	: <-15°C (<5°F)
F. Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: >100°C (>212°F)
G. Flash point	: Open cup: Not applicable.
Fire point	: Not available.
H. Evaporation rate	: Not available.
I. Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
K. Vapor pressure	: Not available.
L. Solubility in water	: Not available.
Miscible with water	: Yes.
M. Vapor density	: Not available.
N. Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.105 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not applicable.
P. Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Q. Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
R. Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 10.3 mm²/s (10.3 cSt)
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.
S. Molecular weight	: Not applicable.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size	: Not applicable.
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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability	: Shelf life: (minimum) 24 months.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
B. Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
C. Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
D. Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

A. Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effects	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

B. Health hazards

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Result

neodecanoic acid

Rat - Dermal - LD50

3640 mg/kg

-

Rat - Oral - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

2-aminoethanol

Rat - Oral - LD50

1720 mg/kg

-

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

2504 mg/kg

sodium hydroxide

Rat - Oral - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-,
hydrate (1:1)
benzotriazole

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

-

Rat - Oral - LD50

500 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

1800 mg/kg

-

Rat - Female - Oral - LD50

1208 mg/kg

1,2-Ethanediamine, N1,N1,N2,
N2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-oxybis
[2-chloroethane]

Rat - Oral - LD50

1951 mg/kg

-

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>2000 mg/kg

-

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

5.8 mg/l [4 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

2-aminoethanol

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 505 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : pH value - Used for classification

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

Section 11. Toxicological information

2-aminoethanol

1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, hydrate (1:1)

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 250 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 0.5 minutes

Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

2-aminoethanol

1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, hydrate (1:1)

Result

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt

Result

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (nervous system) - Category 1

Section 11. Toxicological information

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Grindex 10	>2000	>2000	N/A	108.6	152.7
neodecanoic acid	500	3640	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	1100	N/A	11	N/A
sodium hydroxide	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, hydrate (1:1)	N/A	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzotriazole	500	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	500	790	N/A	N/A	0.5
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1,N1,N2,N2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-oxybis[2-chloroethane]	1951	2500	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name

neodecanoic acid

Result

Acute - LC50

Fish

>100 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia

>100 mg/l [48 hours]

2-aminoethanol

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Bluegill - *Lepomis macrochirus*

Size: 40 to 50 mm

329160 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

-

Chronic - NOEC

Fish

1.2 mg/l [30 days]

-

Chronic - NOEC

Daphnia

0.85 mg/l [21 days]

benzotriazole

Acute - EC50

OECD

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia galeata*

Age: <24 hours

15.8 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

Section 12. Ecological information

-	LC50 Fish 180 mg/l [96 hours]
-	EC50 Algae 75 mg/l [72 hours]
pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt	EC50 Daphnia 0.0088 mg/l [48 hours]
-	EC50 Algae 0.0012 mg/l [72 hours]
1,2-Ethanediamine, N1,N1,N2, N2-tetramethyl-, polymer with 1,1'-oxybis [2-chloroethane]	Acute - EC50 Daphnia 0.37 mg/l [48 hours]
-	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish 0.047 mg/l [96 hours]
-	Acute - NOEC - Fresh water Fish 0.037 mg/l [96 hours]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

B. Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
benzotriazole	-	-	Not readily

C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
neodecanoic acid	2.1	<225	Low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	Low
1,2,3-Propanetricarboxylic acid, 2-hydroxy-, hydrate (1: 1)	-1.72	-	Low
benzotriazole	1.44	-	Low

D. Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

E. Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- A. Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- B. Disposal precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
A. UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
B. UN proper shipping name	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
C. Transport hazard class(es)	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
D. Packing group	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
E. Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

- F. Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture) : None of the components are listed.

ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission) : None of the components are listed.

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : Not applicable.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

2-aminoethanol
sodium hydroxide

Section 15. Regulatory information

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : The following components are listed: ethanolamine, sodium hydroxide

Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)

ISHA Enforcement Regs : None of the components are listed.

Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)

Standard of Industrial Safety and Health : The following components are listed: ethanolamine, sodium hydroxide

Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Candidate substances subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : None of the components are listed.

Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) : Not applicable

Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)
Not listed.

MoE 2021-51 - Regulations on the quantity of toxic substances, restricted substances, prohibited substances and permitted substances

Not listed.

Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide

C. **Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : Not applicable.

D. **Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

E. Regulation according to other foreign laws

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Schedule III	2,2',2''-nitilotriethanol	Listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

- A. References** : - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
 - United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX
- B. Date of issue/Date of revision** : 2026년 03월 13일
- C. Version** : 1.08
Date of printing : 2026년 03월 13일
Prepared by : Product Stewardship Blaser Swissslube AG
- D. Other**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 IATA = International Air Transport Association
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
 N/A = Not available
 SGG = Segregation Group
 UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.